IN THE HIGH COURT OF KERALA AT ERNAKULAM

PRESENT :

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE V.RAMKUMAR

WEDNESDAY, THE 21ST NOVEMBER 2007 / 30TH KARTHIKA 1929

Crl.Rev.Pet.No. 4104 of 2007()

CRA.319/2006 of SPL.COURT SPE/CBI-II & IV ADDL.SESSIONS COURT, ERNAKULAM

CC.194/2002 of JUDL.MAGISTRATE OF FIRST CLASS-II, KOCHI

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REVN. PETITIONER: REVISION PETITIONER/APPELLANT/ACCUSED

RAJEEVAN, S/O.AMBUJAKSHAN,
AGED 44 YEARS, SANTHINIKETHAN, EDAKOCHI DESOM,
EDAKOCHI.

BY ADV. SRI.SHYAM K.L.

RESPONDENTS: RESPONDENTS/COMPLAINANT & STATE

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1. V.N.DEVADASAN,
S/O.NARAYANAN, VALIYIL VEEDU, EDAKOCHI MURI,
EDAKOCHI VILLAGE, KOCHI.

2. STATE OF KERALA REPRESENTED BY
PUBLIC PROSECUTOR, HIGH COURT OF KERALA,
ERNAKULAM.

BY ADV. SRI.V.B.UNNIRAJ
SMT.R.S.GEETHA
PUBLIC PROSECUTOR SRI.C.M.NAZAR

THIS CRIMINAL REVISION PETITION HAVING COME UP FOR ADMISSION ON 21/11/2007, THE COURT ON THE SAME DAY PASSED THE FOLLOWING:

V.RAMKUMAR, J.

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Crl.R.P. No. 4104 of 2007

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Dated this the 21st day of November, 2007

O R D E R

In this Revision filed under Section 397 read with Sec. 401 Cr.P.C. the petitioner who was the accused in C.C.No.194 of 2002 on the file of the J.F.C.M- II, Kochi challenges the conviction entered and the sentence passed against him for an offence punishable under Sec. 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Act').

2. I heard the learned counsel for the Revision Petitioner and the learned Public Prosecutor.

3. The learned counsel appearing for the Revision Petitioner re-iterated the contentions in support of the Revision. The courts below have concurrently held that the cheque in question was drawn by the petitioner in favour of the complainant on the drawee bank, that the cheque was validly presented to the bank, that it was dishonoured for reasons which fall under Section 138 of the Act, that the complainant made a demand for payment by a notice in time in accordance with clause (b) of the proviso to Section 138 of the Act and that the Revision Petitioner/accused failed to make the payment within 15 days of receipt of the statutory notice. Both the courts have considered and rejected the defence set up by the revision petitioner while entering the above finding. The said finding has been recorded on an appreciation of the oral and documentary evidence. I do not find any error, illegality or impropriety in the

finding so recorded concurrently by the courts below. The conviction was thus rightly entered against the petitioner.

4. What now survives for consideration is the question as to whether a proper sentence has been imposed on the Revision Petitioner. Having regard to the facts and circumstances of the case, I am, however, inclined to modify the sentence in the light of the recent pronouncement by the Supreme Court that no default sentence can be imposed for an order for compensation under Section 357(3) Cr.P.C. The sentence imposed on the revision petitioner is set aside and instead he is sentenced to pay fine of Rs.25,000/- (Rupees twenty five thousand only) which shall be deposited within **three** months from today and on default to make the payment, he shall suffer simple imprisonment for three months. The fine amount shall be paid as compensation under Section 357(1) Cr.P.C.

This Revision is disposed of confirming the conviction but modifying the sentence as above.

V. RAMKUMAR, JUDGE.

sj

/True Copy/

P.A To Judge